

**CASE #1 – ACC. 27075**

A 64-year-old man presented with a mass of the palate. Physical exam revealed a 4.0 cm lesion of the hard palate with deviation of the nasal septum to the right. Excisional biopsy was performed. (Contributed by Henry Slosser, M.D.)

**CASE #2 – ACC. 28529**

This 60-year-old man presented with a painful 3.0 cm tumor of the right parotid gland. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #3 – ACC. 28528**

A 7.0 cm asymptomatic left parotid tumor which has been slowly enlarging over the last two years was found in a 66-year-old male. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #4 – ACC. 28451**

This 65-year-old man presented with a slowly enlarging, 2.5 cm tumor of the left parotid gland. A left superficial parotidectomy was performed. (Contributed by Thomas Canfield, M.D.)

**CASE #5 – ACC. 28527**

This 37-year-old woman was found to have a tumor of the nasal cavity. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #6 – ACC. 28526**

A 79-year-old woman complained of “sinusitis”. Radiologic imaging demonstrated an extensive, destructive tumor involving the right nasal cavity, ethmoid, maxillary and sphenoid sinuses and hard palate. An extensive craniofacial resection was done. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #7 – ACC. 28525**

This 25-year-old man presented with a nasal mass associated with intermittent epistaxis. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #8 – ACC. 28524**

An 80-year-old woman was found to have a polypoid, hemorrhagic mass attached primarily to the inferior turbinate of the left nasal cavity. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #9 – ACC. 10380**

This 74-year-old man, who quit smoking 7 years ago, presented with a 2-week history of sore throat and a cough. On examination, a 2.0 cm sessile, cauliflower-like lesion was found attached to the epiglottis. A supraglottic laryngectomy was performed. (Contributed by Albert Olson, M.D.)

**CASE #10 – ACC. 28523**

A 3.0 cm tumor of the epiglottis was found in a 58-year-old female. The mass was associated with progressive airway obstruction and a sensation of a foreign body in the throat. There was no cervical lymphadenopathy. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #11 – ACC. 28522**

A 74-year-old man presented with a 4.5 cm tumor of the right pyriform sinus associated with dysphagia. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #12 – ACC. 28521**

This 45-year-old woman was found to have a slowly enlarging, asymptomatic 6.0 cm right cervical mass. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #13 – ACC. 10329**

One and a half years earlier, this 20-year-old woman had had her wisdom teeth removed. On routine follow-up, the dentist observed a fusiform swelling of her right maxilla which had not been previously apparent. The swelling appeared to be confined to bone with no evidence of ulceration. Subtotal maxillectomy was performed. (Contributed by John Gilrane, M.D.)

**CASE #14 – ACC. 28520**

A 42-year-old man presented with a history of a slowly enlarging “bony lump” in the right mastoid area of 10 to 12 years duration, occasionally associated with headaches but otherwise asymptomatic. Radiographs showed a diffuse ground-glass and microcystic enlargement of the right occipital-temporal bones. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #15 – ACC. 21380**

This 88-year-old man presented with sudden airway obstruction requiring emergency tracheotomy. A large laryngeal tumor was found, which displaced the trachea to the right, causing nearly complete airway obstruction. A total laryngectomy was subsequently performed. (Contributed by Herbert Harder, M.D.)

**CASE #16 – ACC. 28519**

An 11-year-old boy was found to have a 7.0 cm tumor of the nasal cavity associated with facial deformity, nasal obstruction and epistaxis. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #17 – ACC. 28518**

A 5-year-old girl presented with a 4.0 cm rapidly enlarging right preauricular soft tissue mass. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #18 – ACC. 28517**

This 49-year-old man presented with a 6-month history of left nasal obstruction and periodic rhinorrhea. On physical exam, the left nasal cavity was almost totally occluded by a tan-pink, exophytic mass. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #19 – ACC. 28516**

A 12-year-old girl was found to have a cystic lesion of the mandible surrounding the crown of an unerupted third molar tooth. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)

**CASE #20 – ACC. 28515**

This 20-year-old woman presented with bilateral nasal polyps and opacified maxillary and ethmoid sinuses on radiologic examination. (Contributed by Leon Barnes, M.D.)