

"GENERAL PATHOLOGY"

Study Cases, Subscription B

March 2003



California Tumor Tissue Registry
c/o: Department of Pathology and Human Anatomy
Loma Linda University School of Medicine
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E-mail: cttr@linkline.com
Web site & Case of the Month: www.cttr.org

Target audience:

Practicing pathologists and pathology residents.

Goal:

To acquaint the participant with the histologic features of a variety of benign and malignant neoplasms and tumor-like conditions.

Objectives:

The participant will be able to recognize morphologic features of a variety of benign and malignant neoplasms and tumor-like conditions and relate those processes to pertinent references in the medical literature.

Educational methods and media:

Review of representative glass slides with associated histories. Feedback on consensus diagnoses from participating pathologists. Listing of selected references from the medical literature.

Principal faculty:

Weldon K. Bullock, MD Donald R. Chase, MD

CME Credit:

Loma Linda University School of Medicine designates this continuing medical education activity for up to 2 hours of Category I of the Physician's Recognition Award of the American Medical Association.

CME credit is offered for the subscription year only.

Accreditation:

Loma Linda University School of Medicine is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) to sponsor continuing medical education for physicians. Contributor: Paul Thompson, M.D.

Pasadena, CA

Case No. 1 - March 2003

Case No. 2 - March 2003

Tissue from: Ankle Accession #13929

Clinical Abstract:

This 10-year-old female was born with a giant hairy 'swimming trunk' nevus, as well as multiple nevi of face, extremities, trunk and perineum. From age 1 year onward, she had undergone multiple excisions of nevi. At age 10 she underwent further resection of a partially resected lesion on her ankle.

Gross Pathology:

The 6.0 x 3.0 x 0.5 cm ellipse of skin had a coarse 'pigskin' appearance with numerous long dark hairs.

Contributor: LLUMC Pathology Group (mtm)

Loma Linda, CA

Tissue from: Left cheek Accession #27679

Clinical Abstract:

Eight years after surgery and radiation for a laryngeal carcinoma, this 72-year-old male developed two masses in the left cheek. A wide excision was performed.

Gross Pathology:

The 6.0 x 2.5 x 2.0 cm light tan skin ellipse had a 1.2 cm central region of brown ulceration with an underlying 1.9 cm nodule.

SPECIAL STUDIES

S100 strongly positive Vimentin strongly positive

Keratin cocktail negative HMB45 negative Contributor: LLUMC Pathology Group (bhl)

Loma Linda, CA

Case No. 3 - March 2003

Case No. 4 - March 2003

Tissue from: Vulva Accession #27314

Clinical Abstract:

Following one year of vaginal and vulvar pruritis, this is a 75-year-old female underwent biopsy, followed by a radical vulvectomy.

Gross Pathology:

The 85.4 gram, 14.0 x 11.0 cm vulvar resection specimen had a 5.5 x 2.0 cm white tan atrophic area.

Contributor: James Tenney, M.D.

Mammoth Lakes, CA

Tissue from: Left chest Accession #29602

Clinical Abstract:

This 46-year-old male developed a cystic mass on his left chest wall.

Gross Pathology:

Specimen consisted of multiple granular tan to white chalky tissue fragments, forming a 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.0 cm aggregate.

Contributor: Fred Preuss, M.D.

Duarte, CA

Tissue from: Skin of forearm Accession #8045

Clinical Abstract:

This 52-year-old male worked as a gardener and had a history of developing raised nodules on his forearm when he sprayed plants with insecticide. Usually the lesions healed spontaneously, leaving small scars. One of the nodules did not regress and was excised after six weeks.

Gross Pathology:

The 10.0×8.0 cm triangular-shaped piece of skin had a central raised ulcerated gray-white nodule, which apparently arose by coalescence of three separate lesions.

Contributor: Raymond Peterson, M.D.

Santa Ana, CA

Tissue from: Right hand Accession #17843

Clinical Abstract:

This 48-year-old male had a callous on the hypothenar eminence of his right hand that, for 18 months, was often irritated by use of a lever at work. When the callous became ulcerated and infected, he underwent biopsy, followed by a partial amputation of the right hand.

Gross Pathology:

The partially amputated right hand included a 2.0 cm diameter ulcer involving the skin of the hypothenar eminence. When the ulcer was transected, an associated mass appeared to penetrate the underlying muscles.

Case No. 5 - March 2003

Case No. 6 - March 2003

Contributor: John Gmelich, M.D.

Pasadena, CA

Tissue from: Left cheek Accession #27056

Clinical Abstract:

A mass developed in the upper left cheek of this 51-year-old female.

Gross Pathology:

A 74 gram ellipse of skin and underlying muscle had a 4.5 x 4.5 cm raised nodule.

Special Studies:

NSE

positive

CK 20

positive (dot-like pattern)

Contributor: Howard E. Otto. M.D.

Cheboygan, MI

Tissue from: Thigh

Case No. 8 - March 2003

Accession #27338

Case No. 7 - March 2003

Clinical Abstract:

Shortly after blunt trauma to the area, this 39-year-old female developed a mass in her left thigh. After six years ago, without significant enlargement or symptoms, she presented for a cosmetic resection.

Gross Pathology:

The 2.5 x 0.8 cm ellipse of skin had a 3.0 x 2.3 x 2.6 cm gray nodule with a homogenous and fibrous cut surface.

Contributor: Marthe E. Smith, M.D.

San Francisco, CA

Case No. 9 - March 2003

Case No. 10 - March 2003

Tissue from: Great toe

Accession #13715

Clinical Abstract:

Two years after developing a large hematoma on the plantar aspect of her right great toe, this 56-year-old female complained that the resultant mass had become firmer and was interfering with walking. There was no pain and no change in size or shape.

Gross Pathology:

The 3.3 x 2.3 x 1.5 cm disc of rubbery firm tissue had a central cystic region that contained dark brown sanguinous material.

Contributor: Donna Kell, M.D.

Santa Barbara, CA

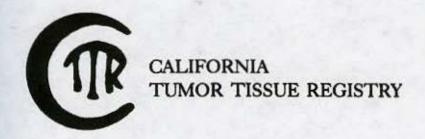
Tissue from: Right buttock Accession #29474

Clinical Abstract:

This 63-year-old female developed a large mass in the subcutaneous tissue of her right buttock. She had a past history of both ovarian and rectal carcinoma, dates unknown.

Gross Pathology:

The 2.5 x 2.0 x 3.0 cm well-circumscribed tan mass was fixed to the overlying skin. The cut surface had a lobular appearance with an irregular 0.7 cm area of hemorrhage and eccentric areas of chalky yellow necrosis.



"GENERAL PATHOLOGY"

Minutes - Subscription B

March, 2003



SUGGESTED READING (General Topics from Recent Literature):

- Simple Clefts, Complex Problems: Reflections of Glandular Lesions of the Uterine Cervix. Young RH. Int J Gynecol Pathol, 2002 July; 21(3):216-222.
- Central Zone Histology of the Prostate: A Mimicker of High Grade Prostatic Intraepithelial Neoplasia. Srodon M, Epstein JI. Human Pathol, 2002 May; 33(5):518-527.
- Genetics of Synchronous Uterine and Ovarian Endometrioid Carcinoma: Combined Analysis of Loss of Heterozygosity, PTEN Mutation and Microsatellite Instability. Hum Pathol, 2002 Apr; 33(4):421-428.
- Pathology-Medicine's Search for Meaning in the New Millennium. Editorial. Hardwick DF. Human Pathol, 2002 January; 33(1):1.
- Glivec (STI571, Imatinib): A Rationally Developed, Targeted Anticancer Drug. Capdeville R, Buchdunger E, Zimmermann J, Matter A. Nature Review, 2002 July; 1(7):493-502.

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FILE DIAGNOSES

CTTR Subscription B

March, 2003

Case 1:

Congenital intradermal nevus, ankle T-02840, M-87500

Case 2:

Desmoplastic "spindle cell" melanoma, cheek T-02121, M-87723

Case 3:

Paget's Disease ("extra-mammary Paget's Disease"), vulva T-80100, M-85423

Case 4:

Pilomatrixoma ("calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe"), chest wall T-Y2150, M-81100

Case 5:

Keratoacanthoma (well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthomatous subtype), hand T-02650, M-72860

Case 6:

Squamous cell carcinoma, likely viral-related, hand T-02650, M-80703

Case 7:

Merkel cell (neuroendocrine) carcinoma, cheek T-02121, M-80416

Case 8:

Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP), thigh T-02810, M-88323

Case 9:

Clear cell hidradenoma, toe T-02990, M-84020

Case 10:

Sebaceous carcinoma, buttock T-02471, M-84103

Case No. 1, Accession No. 13929

March 2003

Escondido - Intradermal nevus, congenital pattern, with neurotization

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Intradermal nevus with neurotization

Loma Linda - Congenital Nevus

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Giant congenital nevus

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Intradermal nevus with congenital features

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Congenital melanocytic nevus, deep type (congenital hairy nevus)

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Congenital nevus

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Congenital nevocellular nevus

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Congenital melanocytic nevus

Colorado, Denver - Neurotizing intradermal nevus

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Congenital nevus

Florida, Miami - Non-giant intradermal congenital nevus

Florida, Ocala - Congenital nevus

Georgia, Decatur - Dermal nevus with congenital features and neurotization

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Congenital intradermal nevus

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Congenital nevus, ankle

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Giant intradermal nevus

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Congenital hairy nevus

Louisiana, Metairie - Intradermal nevus

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Congenital hairy nevus

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Congenital dermal nevus

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - (Congenital) dermal nevus

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Congenital nevus

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Dermal melanocytic nevus, congenital type

Nevada, Las Vegas - Benign intradermal congenital type nevus

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Congenital nevus

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Congenital nevus

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Giant congenital melanocytic nevus

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Congenital intradermal nevus

Ohio, Columbus - Nevus with congenital features

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Giant congenital nevus

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Compound congenital nevus

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Congenital nevus

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Giant congenital nevus, predominantly dermal

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Congenital nevus

Texas, Houston - Intradermal melanocytic nevus

Texas, Lubbock - Congenital nevus

Texas, San Antonio - Congenital nevus

Washington, D.C. - Intradermal nevus, congenital type

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Congenital melanocytic nevus

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Intradermal nevus

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Intradermal nevus

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Congenital nevus

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Congenital melanocytic nevus

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Nevus cell nevus, intradermal nevus

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Congenital intradermal nevus

Oatar, Doha - Congenital intradermal nevus

Spain (Povisa) - Naevi giant hairy

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Congenital nevus + neuroid features

Case 1 - Diagnosis:

Congenital intradermal nevus, ankle T-02840, M-87500

Case 1 - References:

Evans MJ, Sanders DS, Grant JH, Blessing K: Expression of Melan-A in Spitz, Pigmented Spindle Cell Nevi, and Congenital Nevi: Comparative Immunohistochemical Study. Pediatr Dev Pathol, 2000 Jan-Feb; 3(1):36-9.

Gosain AK, Santoro TD, Larson DL, Gingrass RP: Giant Congenital Nevi: A 20-Year Experience and An Algorithm For Their Management. Plast Reconstr Surg, 2001 Sep 1; 108(3):622-36.

Bittencourt FV, Marghoob AA, Kopf AW, et al: Large Congenital Melanocytic Nevi and the Risk For Development of Malignant Melanoma and Neurocutaneous Melanocytosis. *Pediatrics*, 2000 Oct; 106(4):736-41.

Egan CL, Oliveria SA, Elenitsas R, et al: Cutaneous Melanoma Risk and Phenotypic Changes in Large Congenital Nevi: A Follow-Up Study of 46 Patients. J Am Acad Dermatol, 1998 Dec; 39(6):923-32.

Case No. 2, Accession No. 27679

March 2003

Escondido - Melanoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Melanoma

Loma Linda - Neurofibroma

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Nodular spindle cell melanoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Malignant melanoma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Malignant fibrous histiocytoma

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Spindle cell malignant melanoma Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Desmoplastic melanoma

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Spindle cell melanoma

Colorado, Denver - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Melanoma

Florida, Miami - Malignant fibrohistiocytoma vs. dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Florida, Ocala - Malignant melanoma

Georgia, Decatur - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Spindle cell malignant neoplasm, favor desmoplastic melanoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Desmoplastic melanoma, left cheek

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Sarcoma

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Desmoplastic melanoma

Louisiana, Metairie - Pleomorphic liposarcoma

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Desmoplastic melanoma (4), malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor (8)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Malignant melanoma

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Spindle cell melanoma

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Desmoplastic melanoma

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Desmoplastic melanoma

Nevada, Las Vegas - Desmoplastic melanoma

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Malig, peripheral nerve sheath tumor vs Malig, melanoma, spindle cell type

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Spindle cell melanoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Malignant spindle cell neoplasm consistent with metastatic desmoplastic/spindle cell melanoma vs. malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor (MPNST)

Ohio, Columbus - Melanoma with desmoplastic features

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Desmoplastic melanoma

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans/malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Desmoplastic melanoma

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Atypical fibroxanthoma

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Spindle cell malignancy

Texas, Houston - Peripheral nerve sheath tumor, malignant

Texas, Lubbock - Malignant neurofibroma

Texas, San Antonio - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor (MPNST)

Washington, D.C. - Neurogenic tumor, post-radiation

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor (MPNST)

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Myofibroblastoma

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Atypical fibroxanthoma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Desmoplastic malignant melanoma

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Sclerosing liposarcoma

Japan, Chiba - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor

Oatar, Doha - Post-irradiation malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor (MPNST)

Spain (Povisa) - Primary malignant tumors of peripheral nerve due to ionizing radiation

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Sarcoma, NOS

Case 2 - Diagnosis:

Desmoplastic "spindle cell" melanoma, cheek T-02121, M87223

Case 2 - References:

Thelmo MC, Sagebiel RW, Treseler PA, et al: Evaluation of Sentinel Lymph Node Status in Spindle Cell Melanomas. J Am Acad Dermatol, 2001 Mar; 44(3):451-5.

Hoang MP, Selim MA, Bentley RC, et al: CD34 Expression in Desmoplastic Melanoma. J Cutan Pathol, 2001 Nov; 28(10):508-12.
Jaroszewski DE, Pockaj BA, DiCaudo DJ, Bite U: The Clinical Behavior of Desmoplastic Melanoma. Am J Surg, 2001 Dec; 182(6):590-5.

Robson A, Allen P, Hollowood K: S100 Expression in Cutaneous Scars: A Potential Diagnostic Pitfall in the Diagnosis Of Desmoplastic Melanoma. Histopathology, 2001 Feb; 38(2):135-40.

Kaneishi NK, Cockerell CJ: Histologic Differentiation of Desmoplastic Melanoma From Cicatrices. Am J Dermatopathol, 1998 Apr; 20(2):128-34.

Skelton HG, Maceira J, Smith KJ, et al: HMB-45 Negative Spindle Cell Malignant Melanoma. Am J Dermatopathol, 1997 Dec; 19(6):580-4.

Case No. 3, Accession No. 27314

March 2003

Escondido - Paget's Disease

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Loma Linda - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Paget's Disease

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Vulvar Paget's Disease

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Paget's Disease of vulva

Colorado, Denver - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Paget's Disease

Florida, Miami - Paget's Disease

Florida, Ocala - Paget's Disease of vulva

Georgia, Decatur - Paget's Disease of the vulva

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Paget's Disease of vulva

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Vulvar Paget's Disease

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Paget's Disease of vulva

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Louisiana, Metairie - Paget's Disease

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease (12)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Paget's Disease

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Paget's Disease

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Paget's Disease

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Nevada, Las Vegas - Extra-mammary Paget's

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Paget's Disease

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease, vulva

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Ohio, Columbus - Paget's Disease

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Paget's Disease

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Paget's Disease

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Texas, Houston - Paget's Disease

Texas, Lubbock - Superficial spreading melanoma

Texas, San Antonio - Paget's

Washington, D.C. - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Paget's Disease

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Paget's Disease

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Malignant melanoma

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Superficial spreading melanoma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Paget's disease

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

Japan, Chiba - Paget's Disease of vulva

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Paget's disease of vulva/melanoma in-situ

Oatar, Doha - Paget's Disease of vulva

Spain (Povisa) - Extra-mammary Paget's Disease

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Differential Diagnosis: Paget's Disease of Vulva or Malignant Melanoma in-situ.

CASE 3 - Diagnosis:

Paget's Disease ("extra-mammary Paget's Disease"), vulva T-80100, M-85423

Case 3 - References:

van der Putte SC: Mammary-Like Glands of the Vulva and Their Disorders. Int J Gynecol Pathol, 1994 Apr; 13(2):150-60. Parker LP, Parker JR, Bodurka-Bevers D, et al: Paget's Disease of the Vulva: Pathology, Pattern of Involvement, and Prognosis. Gynecol Oncol, 2000 Apr; 77(1):183-9.

Crawford D, Nimmo M, Clement PB, et al: Prognostic Factors in Paget's Disease of the Vulva: A Study of 21 Cases. Int J Gynecol Pathol, 1999 Oct; 18(4):351-9.

Diaz de Leon E, Carcangiu ML, Prieto VG, et al: Extra-Mammary Paget Disease is Characterized by the Consistent Lack of Estrogen and Progesterone Receptors But Frequently Expresses Androgen Receptor. Am J Clin Pathol, 2000 Apr; 113(4):572-5.

Case No. 4, Accession No. 29602

March 2003

Escondido - Pilomatricoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Pilomatrixoma

Loma Linda - Calcifying (mummifying epithelioma of Malherbe)

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Pilomatrixoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Pilomatrixoma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Pilomatricoma

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Pilomatrixoma

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Pilomatricoma

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Pilomatricoma (Calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe)

Colorado, Denver - Calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Pilomatrixoma

Florida, Miami - Pilomatricoma

Florida, Ocala - Pilomatrixoma

Georgia, Decatur - Pilomatricoma

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Pilomatricoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Pilomatricoma, left chest

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Pilomatricoma

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Pilomatricoma

Louisiana, Metairie - Calcifying epithelioma

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Pilomatrixoma (12)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Pilomatrixoma

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Favor pilomatrical carcinoma

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Pilomatricoma

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Pilomatricoma

Nevada, Las Vegas - Benign pilomatricoma

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Pilomatricoma

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Pilomatrixoma

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Pilomatrixoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Pilomatrical carcinoma

Ohio, Columbus - Pilomatrixoma

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Pilomatrixoma

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Pilomatricoma

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Pilomatricoma

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Pilomatrixoma

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Pilomatrixoma

Texas, Houston - Pilomatrix carcinoma

Texas, Lubbock - Calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe

Texas, San Antonio - Pilomatricoma

Washington, D.C. - Calcified epithelioma of Malherbe

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Pilomatricoma

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Calcifying epithelioma

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Calcifying epithelioma

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Calcifying epithelioma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Pilomatrixoma

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Calcifying epithelioma (Pilomatricoma)

Japan, Chiba - Pilomatricoma

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Pilomatrixoma

Qatar, Doha - Calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe (Pilomatrixoma)

Spain (Povisa) - Pilomatrixoma (Calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe)

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Calcifying epithelioma (Malherbe)

Case 4 - Diagnosis:

Pilomatrixoma ("calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe"), chest wall T-Y2150, M-81100

Case 4 - References:

Kaddu S, Soyer HP, Hodl S, Kerl H: Morphological Stages of Pilomatricoma. Am J Dermatopathol, 1996 Aug; 18(4):333-8.
Kishimoto S, Nagata M, Takenaka H, Yasuno H: Detection of Apoptosis By In-Situ Labeling of Pilomatricoma. Am J Dermatopathol, 1996 Aug; 18(4):339-43.

Forbes R Jr, Helwig EB: Pilomatrixoma (Calcifying Epithelioma). Arch Dermatol, 1961; 83:606-18. Vico P, Rahier I, Ghanem G, et al: Pilomatrix Carcinoma. Eur J Surg Oncol, 1997 Aug; 23(4):370-1.

Case No. 5, Accession No. 8045

March 2003

Escondido - Sporotrichosis

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Pseudoepitheliomatous hyperplasia

Loma Linda - Squamous carcinoma, low grade

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Keratoacanthoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Keratoacanthoma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthomatous type

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Keratoacanthoma vs. pseudo-epitheliomatous hyperplasia

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Keratoacanthoma

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Colorado, Denver - Crateriform squamous carcinoma

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Chemical keratosis

Florida, Miami - Verrucous carcinoma

Florida, Ocala - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Georgia, Decatur - Keratinizing squamous cell carcinoma

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Well-differentiated squamous carcinoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Keratoacanthoma (Keratoacanthoma-like well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma)

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Keratoacanthoma

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma

Louisiana, Metairie - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Keratoacanthoma (11), Pseudo-epitheliomatous hyperplasia (1)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma, well-differentiated, invasive

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Nevada, Las Vegas - Invasive well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthomatous type

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Keratoacanthoma

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Keratoacanthoma

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Keratoacanthoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Pseudo-epitheliomatous hyperplasia

Ohio, Columbus - Squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthoma type

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthoma type

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - IFK/Squamous cell carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Squamous cell CA arising in a setting of syndrome of multiple self-healing epitheliomas

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Sporothrix

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Texas, Houston - Trichofolliculoma

Texas, Lubbock - Verrucous carcinoma

Texas, San Antonio - Trichofolliculoma

Washington, D.C. - Keratoacanthoma/well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Keratoacanthoma

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthoma type

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Pseudo-epitheliomatous hyperplasia

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Keratoacanthoma

Japan, Chiba - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma of skin

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Keratoacanthoma

Qatar, Doha - Keratoacanthoma

Spain (Povisa) - Squamous cell carcinoma, well-differentiated

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Invasive squamous cell carcinoma

Case 5 - Diagnosis:

Keratoacanthoma (well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma, keratoacanthomatous subtype), hand T-02650, M-72860

Case 5 - References:

Hsi ED, Svoboda-Newman SM, Stern RA, et al: Detection of Human Papillomavirus DNA in Keratoacanthomas By Polymerase Chain Reaction. Am J Dermatopathol, 1997 Feb; 19(1):10-5.

Le Boit PE: Is Keratoacanthoma A Variant of Squamous Cell Carcinoma. New Insights Into An Old Controversy... Soon? Am J Dermatopathol, 1995 Aug; 17(4):319-20.

Lee YS, Teh M: p53 Expression in Pseudoepitheliomatous Hyperplasia, Keratoacanthoma, and Squamous Cell Carcinoma of Skin. Cancer, 1994 May 1; 73(9):2317-23.

Le Boit PE: Can We Understand Keratoacanthoma? Am J Dermatopathol, 2002 Apr; 24(2):166-8.

Beham A, Regauer S, Soyer HP, Beham-Schmid C: Keratoacanthoma: A Clinically Distinct Variant of Well-Differentiated Squamous Cell Carcinoma. Adv Anat Pathol, 1998 Sep; 5(5):269-80.

Case No. 6, Accession No. 17843

March 2003

Escondido - Squamous cell carcinoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Loma Linda - Squamous carcinoma, low grade

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Invasive squamous cell carcinoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Squamous cell carcinoma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Verrucous carcinoma (giant condyloma Buschke)

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Cystic invasive squamous cell carcinoma (cannot exclude deep fungal infection)

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Invasive squamous cell carcinoma, moderately-differentiated

Colorado, Denver - Squamous carcinoma arising in epidermal cyst

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Verrucous carcinoma

Florida, Miami - Squamous cell carcinoma

Florida, Ocala - Squamous cell carcinoma

Georgia, Decatur - Squamous cell carcinoma, keratinizing

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Well-differentiated squamous carcinoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Verrucous squamous cell carcinoma, right hand

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma vs. warty dyskeratoma

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma, condylomatous type

Louisiana, Metairie - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

<u>Maryland (National Naval Medical Center)</u> - Squamous cell carcinoma arising in epidermal inclusion cyst (11); Verrucous carcinoma (1)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Invasive well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma with condylomatous features

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Invasive squamous cell carcinoma

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Squamous carcinoma

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Warty carcinoma

Nevada, Las Vegas - Invasive squamous cell carcinoma

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Verrucous carcinoma

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Squamous cell carcinoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma with prominent HPV cytopathic effect

Ohio, Columbus - Verrucous carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Verrucous carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Verruca vulgaris (VV), FIC/squamous cell carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Squamous cell carcinoma

Texas, Houston - Malignant proliferating trichilemmal tumor

Texas, Lubbock - Well-differentiated carcinoma

Texas, San Antonio - Squamous cell carcinoma

Washington, D.C. - Verrucous carcinoma

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Malignant proliferating trichilemmal tumor

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Verrucous squamous cell carcinoma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Well-differentiated squamous cell carcinoma

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Squamous cell carcinoma

Japan, Chiba - Verrucous squamous cell carcinoma of skin

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Squamous cell carcinoma, bowenoid type

Qatar, Doha - Well-differentiated keratinizing squamous cell carcinoma

Spain (Povisa) - Squamous cell carcinoma

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Invasive squamous cell carcinoma

Case 6 - Diagnosis:

Squamous cell carcinoma, likely viral-related, hand T-02650, M-80703

Case 6 - References:

Guenthner ST, Hurwitz RM, Buckel LJ, Gray HR: Cutaneous Squamous Cell Carcinomas Consistently Show Histologic Evidence of In-Situ Changes: A Clinicopathologic Correlation. J Am Acad Dermatol, 1999 Sep; 41(3 Pt 1):443-8.

Cherpelis BS, Marcusen C, Lang PG: Prognostic Factors For Metastasis in Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Skin. Dermatol Surg, 2002 Mar; 28(3):268-73.

Lohmann CM, Solomon AR: Clinicopathologic Variants of Cutaneous Squamous Cell Carcinoma. Adv Anat Pathol, 2001 Jan; 8(1):27-36.

Vainio H, Miller AB, Bianchini F: An International Evaluation of the Cancer-Preventive Potential of Sunscreens. Int J Cancer, 2000 Dec 1; 88(5):838-42.

Case No. 7, Accession No. 27056

March 2003

Escondido - Merkel cell (neuroendocrine) carcinoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Loma Linda - Merkel cell tumor (carcinoma)

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Colorado, Denver - Merkel cell tumor

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Florida, Miami - Merkel cell tumor

Florida, Ocala - Merkel cell carcinoma

Georgia, Decatur - Merkel cell carcinoma

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Merkel cell carcinoma, left cheek

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Merkel cell tumor (carcinoma)

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Merkel cell tumor

Louisiana, Metairie - Merkel cell carcinoma

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma (12)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Merkel cell tumor

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Nevada, Las Vegas - Merkel cell carcinoma

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Merkel cell carcinoma

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Ohio, Columbus - Merkel cell tumor

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Merkel cell tumor

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Merkel cell tumor

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Texas, Houston - Merkel cell tumor

Texas, Lubbock - Merkel cell tumor

Texas, San Antonio - Merkel

Washington, D.C. - Merkel cell carcinoma

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Merkel cell tumor

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Merkel cell tumor

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Japan, Chiba - Neuroendocrine carcinoma of skin

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Merkel cell carcinoma

Qatar, Doha - Merkel cell carcinoma

Spain (Povisa) - Merkel cell carcinoma

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Merkel cell carcinoma

Case 7 - Diagnosis:

Merkel cell (neuroendocrine) carcinoma, cheek T-02121, M-80416

Case 7 - References:

Tope WD, Sangueza OP: Merkel Cell Carcinoma: Histopathology, Immunohistochemistry and Cytogenetic Analysis. J Dermatol Surg Oncol, 1994 Oct; 20(10):648-52.

Battifora H, Silva EG: The Use of Antikeratin Antibodies in the Immunohistochemical Distinction Between Neuroendocrine (Merkel Cell) Carcinoma of the Skin, Lymphoma, and Oat Cell Carcinoma. Cancer, 1986 Sept 1; 58(5):1040-6.

Ratner D, Nelson BR, Brown MD, Johnson TM: Merkel Cell Carcinoma. J Am Acad Dermatol, 1993 Aug; 29(2 Pt 1):143-56.
Review.

Su LD, Fullen DR, Lowe L, et al: CD117 (KIT Receptor) Expression in Merkel Cell Carcinoma. Am J Dermatopathol, 2002 Aug, 24(4):289-93.

Leech SN, Kolar AJ, Barrett PD, et al: Merkel Cell Carcinoma Can Be Distinguished From Metastatic Small Cell Carcinoma Using Antibodies to Cytokeratin 20 and Thyroid Transcription Factor 1. J Clin Pathol, 2001 Sep; 54(9):727-9.

Allen PJ, Busam K, Hill AD, et al: Immunohistochemical Analysis of Sentinel Lymph Nodes From Patients With Merkel Cell Carcinoma. Cancer, 2001 Sep 15; 92(6):1650-5.

Case No. 8, Accession No. 27338

March 2003

Escondido - Schwannoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Loma Linda - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Leiomyoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Monophasic synovial sarcoma

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Cellular schwannoma

Colorado, Denver - Malignant fibrous histiocytoma

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Fibromatosis

Florida, Miami - Dermatofibrosarcoma

Florida, Ocala - Schwannoma

Georgia, Decatur - Perineurioma

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Spindle cell lipoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans, thigh

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Fibroma

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Neuroma

Louisiana, Metairie - Nodular fasciitis

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - (Monophasic) synovial sarcoma (12)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Nevada, Las Vegas - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Fibromatosis

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans/fibrous histiocytoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Ohio, Columbus - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Schwannoma, neuroma/Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor (MPNST)

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Benign fibrous histiocytoma

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP)

Texas, Houston - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Texas, Lubbock - Dermatofibroma

Texas, San Antonio - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP)

Washington, D.C. - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Japan, Chiba - Cellular fibrous histiocytoma

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Nodular fasciitis/dermatofibroma

Qatar, Doha - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

Spain (Povisa) - Nodular fasciitis

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans?

Case 8 - Diagnosis:

Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP), thigh T-02810, M-88323

Case 8 - References:

Fletcher CDM, Evans BJ, MacArtney JC, et al: Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans: A Clinicopathological and Immunohistochemical Study With A Review of the Literature. *Histopathol*, 1985 Sep; 9(9):921-38.

Harvell JD, Kilpatrick SE, White WL: Histogenetic Relations Between Giant Cell Fibroblastoma and Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans: CD34 Staining Showing the Spectrum and A Simulator. Am J Dermatopathol, 1998 Aug; 20(4):339-45.

Zelger B, Zelger B: Sarcomas Arising in Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans: Collision or Illusion? Am J Surg Pathol, 2001 Aug, 25(8):1106-8.

Mentzel T, Beham A, Katenkamp D, et al: Fibrosarcomatous ("High-Grade") Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans: Clinico-Pathologic and Immunohistochemical Study of a Series of 41 Cases With Emphasis on Prognostic Significance. Am J Surg Pathol, 1998 May; 22(5):576-87.

Bowne WB, Antonescu CR, Leung DH, et al: Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans: A Clinicopathologic Analysis of Patients Treated and Followed At a Single Institution. Cancer, 2000 Jun 15; 88(12):2711-20. Escondido - Clear cell hidradenoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Fibroma

Loma Linda - Cystic hidradenoma

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Hemangiopericytoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Glomangioma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Hidradeoma and gout

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Synovial cyst

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Glomus tumor (glomangioma)

Colorado, Denver - Angiosarcoma

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Glomus tumor

Florida, Miami - Synovial sarcoma

Florida, Ocala - Glomus tumor

Georgia, Decatur - Glomus tumor

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Nodular hidradenoma, cystic variant

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Hidradenoma, great toe (cystic nodular type)

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Hemorrhagic synovial cyst

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Benign synovial cyst

Louisiana, Metairie - Glomus tumor

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Glomangioma (12)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Hemangiopericytoma vs. PEComa

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - (Cystic) glomus tumor

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Eccrine tumor (2), Glomus tumor (2)

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Nodular hidradenoma, cystic variant

Nevada, Las Vegas - Glomus tumor (possibly cystic hidradenoma)

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Nodular hidradenoma, cystic variant

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Cystic hidradenoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Glomangioma

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Nodular hidradenoma

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Hemangioendothelioma/Pigmented villonodular synovitis (PVNS)

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Glomus tumor

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Benign synovial cyst, ? reaction to bleeding

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Clear cell hidradenoma vs. Glomus tumor

Texas, Houston - Glomangioma

Texas, Lubbock - Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma

Texas, San Antonio - Glomus tumor

Washington, D.C. - Glomus tumor

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Glomangioma

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Syringadenoma (Clear cell myoepithelioma)

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Pigmented villonodular bursitis

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Apocrine cystadenoma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Glomus tumor

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Nodular hidradenoma

Japan, Chiba - Dendritic synovitis

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Intravascular papillary endothelial hyperplasia/glomangioma

Oatar, Doha - Benign skin appendage tumour - Eccrine spiradenoma

Spain (Povisa) - Glomangioma

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Mimics a sebaceous epithelioma?

Case 9 - Diagnosis:

Clear cell hidradenoma, toe T-02990, M-84020

Case 9 - References:

Keasbey LE, Hadley GG: Clear Cell Hidradenoma: Report of Three Cases With Widespread Metastasis. Cancer, 1954; 7: 934-952.
O'Hara JM, Bensch K, Ioannides G, Klaus SN: Eccrine Sweat Gland Adenoma, Clear Cell Type: A Histochemical Study. Cancer, 1996 Oct; 19(10):1438-50.

Hernandez-Perez E, Cestoni-Parducci R. Nodular Hidradenoma and Hidradenocarcinoma: A 10-Year Review. J Am Acad Dermatol, 1985 Jan; 12(1 Pt 1):15-20.

Will R, Coldiron B: Recurrent Clear Cell Hidradenoma of the Foot. Dermatol Surg, 2000 Jul; 26(7):685-6.

Case No. 10, Accession No. 29474

March 2003

Escondido - Clear cell hidradenoma

Glendale (Glendale Pathology Association) - Metastatic carcinoma

Loma Linda - Sebaceous epithelioma

Modesto (Yosemite Pathology Medical Group) - Liposarcoma

Orange (UCI Medical Center Residents) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Sacramento (UC Davis Medical Center) - Sebaceous carcinoma

San Diego (Naval Medical Center) - Metastatic squamous cell carcinoma

Alabama (Cunningham Pathology) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Arizona (Phoenix Memorial Hospital) - Squamous cell carcinoma, anal, metastatic

Colorado, Denver - Metastatic carcinoma

Florida (Winter Haven Hospital) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Florida, Miami - Fibrosarcoma

Florida, Ocala - Carcinoma ? cloacogenic

Georgia, Decatur - Nodular/clear cell hidradenoma

Illinois (Heartland Regional Medical Center) - Poorly-differentiated carcinoma

Indiana, Fort Wayne - Sebaceous carcinoma, right buttock

Kansas (Coffeyville Regional Medical Center) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Kansas (Kansas University Medical Center) - Eccrine porocarcinoma

Louisiana, Metairie - Metastatic adenocarcinoma

Maryland (National Naval Medical Center) - Sebaceous carcinoma (11), metastatic (1)

Maryland (University of Maryland Medical Center) - Sebaceous neoplasm (epithelioma vs. low grade carcinoma) associated with Muir-Torre syndrome

Massachusetts (Brigham & Women's Hospital, Residents/Fellow) - Sebaceous carcinoma, possibly metastatic

Michigan (St. Joseph Mercy Hospital) - Sebaceous carcinoma (Muir-Torre)

Nebraska (Good Samaritan Hospital) - Poorly-differentiated carcinoma

Nevada, Las Vegas - Sebaceous adenoma

New Mexico (University of New Mexico) - Sebaceous carcinoma

New York (Nassau University Medical Center) - Sebaceous carcinoma

New York (Westchester Medical Center) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Ohio (Medical College of Ohio) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Ohio, Columbus - Carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Allegheny General Hospital) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Pennsylvania (Memorial Medical Center) - Poorly-differentiated carcinoma with signet ring cell features/liposarcoma

Pennsylvania (Magee Women's Hospital) - Sebaceous carcinoma arising in a setting of Muir-Torre's Syndrome

Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh - Malignant adnexal tumor with sebaceous and focal squamous differentiation

Texas (Scott & White Hospital) - Sebaceous carcinoma

Texas, Houston - Mucoepidermoid carcinoma

Texas, Lubbock - Metastatic cloacogenic carcinoma

Washington, D.C. - Trichilemmoma

Canada (CUSI, Site Fleurimont) - Sebaceous carcinoma

China (Sir Run Run Shaw Hospital) - Trichilemmocarcinoma

Japan (Hamamatsu University School of Medicine) - Synovial sarcoma, biphasic

Japan (Shimada City Hospital) - Malignant eccrine spiradenoma

Japan (Gunma University Hospital) - Sebaceous epithelioma

Japan (Saiseikai Shiga Hospital) - Synovial sarcoma, d.d. metastatic carcinosarcoma from the ovary

Japan, Chiba - Sebaceous carcinoma of buttock

Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico) - Sebaceous carcinoma/synovial sarcoma

Oatar, Doha - Sebaceous epithelioma

Spain (Povisa) - Sebaceous carcinoma

The Netherlands, Amstelveen - Dermal adnexal cyst, NOS?

Case 10 - Diagnosis:

Sebaceous carcinoma, buttock T-02471, M-84103

Case 10 - References:

- Bayer-Garner IB, Givens V, Smoller B: Immunohistochemical Staining for Androgen Receptors: A Sensitive Marker of Sebaceous Differentiation. Am J Dermatopathol, 1999 Oct; 21(5):426-31.
- Steffen C, Ackerman AB: Sebaceous Carcinoma: In: Neoplasms With Sebaceous Differentiation. Philadelphia. Lea and Febiger, 1994 Apr; pp 487-574.
- Nelson BR, Hamlet KR, Gillard M, et al: Sebaceous Carcinoma. J Am Acad Dermatol, 1995 Jul; 33(1):1-15. Quiz 16-18. Review.
- Misago N, Mihara I, Ansai S, Narisawa Y: Sebaceoma and Related Neoplasms With Sebaceous Differentiation: A Clinico-Pathologic Study of 30 Cases. Am J Dermatopathol, 2002 Aug; 24(4):294-304.
- Nelson BR, Hamlet KR, Gillard M, et al: Sebaceous Carcinoma. J Am Acad Dermatol, 1995 Jul; 33(1):1-15, quiz 16-8.