

SLIDE CLUB MEETING #. 47

278

75 Queenston Drive

June 3rd, 1977 *for May.*PRESENT: Drs' R. Stark; L. Lu; B.G. Johnston; W.S. Hwang; W. Chow;
H. Benediktsson; D. Owen.

Dr. R. Banerjee	77/036	M. 80 Jaundice Hepatic tumour.	Cholangio carcinoma (see letter from AFIP Dr.P. Scheuer).
	77/054	F.58 Incidental finding at autopsy (larynx).	Oncocytic papillary cystadenoma. (Ref: Ann.Otol. Rhinol. Larynol. 78: 307-317, 1969.

Dr. L. Lu	4474-4212	F 13 Anterior mediastinal mass.	Nodular sclerosing Hodgkin's disease.
	76/18856	M 46 Posterior	Hibernoma.
	75/655	F 55 Mass from forearm.	Malignant melanoma (special stains positive).

*The case of Hibernoma and
early melanoma ^{was} already discussed by you at our society's meeting. At
that time your melanoma stain was not convincing.*

Dr. R.G. Stark	8263/75	M 77 Abdominal pain nausea, vomiting.	Actinomycosis of gall bladder. ⁶
	2879/77	M 59 swelling left anterior shoulder.	Malignant fibrous histiocyoma. ⁷

Dr. B.G. Johnston	34032/77	F 23 Subcutaneous mass.	Deep seated necrobiosis Lipoidica. ⁸
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Dr. H. Benediktsson	77/8636	F 40 Recurrent Ischio- rectal abscesses ? Crohn's.	Actinomycosis. ⁹
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Dr. W.S. Hwang	76/10520	Male 50 Anal condylomata.	Early infiltrating squamous carcinoma. Later confirmed at AP resection. ¹⁰
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1
Dr. W.K. Chow

77/2917

M 79 Skin biopsy
from back.

Secondary poorly differentiated
lymphocytic lymphoma.
(? T cell type).

2
Dr. D. Owen

M3124/72

Osteolytic tumour
from T 12.

Histoplasma Duboisii.

3
Dr. D. Buntine

77/1141

F 35 Submandibular
mass.

Malignant lympho-epithelial
lesion (Eskinoma).

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Professor G.B.D. Scott

01-754 0500 Ext:



Dr. R. Banerjee,
Grace General Hospital,
300 Booth Drive,
Winnipeg,
Manitoba R3J 3 M7

18th March, 1977.

Dear Rahul,

re: Mr. Alexander Brophy - Our No. XS188/77

Many thanks for the slides of this patient's liver and for your letter of 11th March. I reciprocate your greetings.

I toyed with the idea that this tumour might be a lymphoma, possibly even myeloma. However, I think there are several reasons why it is more likely to be an anaplastic carcinoma, presumably of intrahepatic bile duct origin. First, the reticulin pattern suggests this in places, although one has to admit that the reticulin-bound spaces might represent pre-existing liver reticulin. Secondly, the tumour cells are in places aggregated into epithelium-like clumps. Thirdly, I can see very small amounts of what looks like mucin. I have only done a diastase PAS, and you may have more information from other mucin stains.

With all good wishes,

Yours sincerely,


P.J. Scheuer
Professor of Clinical Histopathology

ARMED FORCES INSTITUTE OF PATHOLOGY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20306



PATIENT IDENTIFICATION	PLEASE USE AFIP ACCESSION NUMBER IN ALL CORRESPONDENCE
AFIP ACCESSION NUMBER	1598753
BROPHY, ALEXANDER A-36-77 BT	
PLEASE INFORM US OF ANY PATIENT IDENTIFICATION ERRORS	

R. Banerjee, M.B.
Pathologist
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Canada

ECC LR *JMB* FWS b1

ADDRESS REPLY TO THE DIRECTOR
ATTN: AFIP - CPH

15 April 1977

CONSULTATION REPORT ON CONTRIBUTOR MATERIAL

Dear Doctor Banerjee:

A-36-77 Liver: Poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma consistent with cholangiocarcinoma.

AFIP DIAGNOSIS

We agree with your interpretation.

The opportunity to review this case is appreciated.

Sincerely,

ELGIN C. COWART, JR.
CAPT MC USN
The Director

Examination and report by:

R
Lionel Rabin, M.D. / FWS
Hepatic Pathology